

SAFFTY DATA SHFFT

Inhibited Coolant MEG 29% + Deionised Water 69% + Inhibitor 2%

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: OAT Antifreeze Coolant (Heating & Refrigeration Grade)

Product type: Monoethylene glycol-based antifreeze/coolant with Organic Acid Technology (OAT) inhibitors

Product code: OAT-MEG29-HVAC

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses:

Heat transfer fluid for closed-loop heating and cooling systems; corrosion-protected antifreeze for chillers, refrigeration systems, solar heating, and HVAC applications.

Uses advised against:

Open systems where vapours may be released; potable water or direct food contact; engine coolant for vehicles (different inhibitor balance required).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Fluid Science Limited Unit 3b Arbour Court Arbour Lane Knowsley Industrial Park Kirkby

L33 7XE Tel: +44 (0)1244 506 860 (General Enquiries)

Email: sales@fluidscienceltd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

In the UK: NHS 111 (for medical advice)

Chemical emergencies: +44 (0)870 190 6777 (National Chemical Emergency Centre, 24/7, English)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008):

Hazard class Category Acute Tox.4 Category 4 (H302) STOT RE 2 Category 2 (H373) Repr.2 Category 2 (H361d) Aquatic Chronic 3 Category 3 (H412)

2.2 Label elements:

Signal word: Warning







GHS07 GHS08 GHS09

Hazard Statements:

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P260: Do not breathe vapours/spray.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection.

P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

2.3 Other hazards:

No PBT/vPvB substances

No identified endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients	SECTION 3:	: Composition	n/information	on ingredients
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Substance Monoethylene Glycol (MEG)	CAS No 107-21-1	EC No 203-473-3	% w/w 29	Classification Acute Tox. 4 (H302); STOT RE 2 (H373).
Deionised Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	69	Not classified
Methyl-1H-benzotriazole (inhibitor)	Mixture	_	2	Acute Tox. 4 (H302); Repr. 2 (H361d); Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Keep warm and at rest

Inhalation Move to fresh air, keep at rest. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Reproductive Hazard Pregnant workers should seek medical advice following significant exposure to the inhibitor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information CNS depression, Headache, nausea, vomiting, Kidney damage from repeated or

high-dose exposure, Ingestion: risk of metabolic acidosis, Reproductive toxicity

concern due to inhibitor (H361d)

4.3.Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Monitor renal function, metabolic status and CNS effects. Ethylene glycol ingestion may

require fomepizole or ethanol therapy.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water Mist, foam, dry chemical, CO²

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High-pressure water jet

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific Hazards: Thermal decomposition may release: CO, CO2, nitrogen oxides, aldehydes and organic vapours.

Protective equipment: Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Provide adequate ventilation.

Use correct PPE

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental Precautions Prevent entry into soil, drains, or surface water. Notify authorities if significant spill occurs.

Avoid releases due to the Aquatic Chronic classification.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Absorb with inert material. Place in labelled container for disposal. Wash area with water.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

This product is designed exclusively for use in closed circuit heating, refrigeration, and cooling systems. Ensure the system is sealed to prevent vapour formation or leaks. Do not use in systems containing galvanised components unless corrosion inhibitor compatibility is confirmed.

7.1 Handling

Avoid spills and contact with skin and eyes. Ensure good ventilation. Do not breathe vapours or spray. Use in closed systems only. No eating, drinking, or smoking during handling. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Follow instructions before use. Small exposure from the diluted mixture still requires caution.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage

Store in original container, tightly closed, in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Protect from heat and strong oxidisers.

Strong oxidisers, strong acids and nitrates.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL):

Ethylene Glycol Vapour: 20 ppm (52 mg/m³) TWA, 40 ppm (104 mg/m³) STEL (UK HSE EH40). Methyl-1H-benzotriazole DNEL/PNEC:Workers DNEL dermal: 300 μg/kg bw/day; inhalation: 21.2 mg/m³; PNEC freshwater: 8 μg/L, etc.

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory Protection: Not required under normal conditions; A2/P2 respirator complying with EN 14387 (gas/vapour) and EN 149 (particulates) where vapours may be generated.

Hand Protection: Nitrile or butyl rubber gloves (EN 374).

Eye Protection: Safety goggles (EN 166).

Body Protection: Overalls or chemical-resistant clothing.

Engineering Control: Local exhaust ventilation recommended

Hygiene: Wash hands after use. No eating, drinking, or smoking during handling.











SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Colourless, but may be dyed red or blue depending on customer preference.

Odour Mild, characteristic.

pH @20°C 7.5 - 8.5.

Freeze point approx. -14 °C

Initial boiling point and range 104°C

Flash point >120°C (Closed Cup)

Relative density @ 20°C 1.00-1.02.

Solubility Completely miscible with water

Auto-ignition temperature 380°C
Viscosity @ 25°C 5-7 mPa·s

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal temperatures and use conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None expected under normal conditions; not self-reactive

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat, strong oxidisers

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible with strong oxidisers, strong acids, and nitrates.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition may produce CO, CO2, aldehydes and organic acids.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Acute Toxicity (oral): Harmful if swallowed

Ethylene glycol LD₅₀ oral (rat): 6,140 mg/kg.

Skin/eye irritation: Not classified; may cause mild irritation.

STOT RE: Ethylene glycol may cause kidney damage after repeated exposure.

Reproductive toxicity: Contains Repr. 2 substance (H361d).

Aspiration hazard: Not classified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity

Toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ethylene glycol: low to moderate toxicity to aquatic life.

Benzotriazole derivative: chronic aquatic hazard.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Ethylene glycol is readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Low bioaccumulation expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

High mobility due to water solubility.

12.5 PBT/vPvB

Not PBT/vPvB.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal methods Do not discharge to drains or watercourses. Dispose of waste via licensed waste contractor in

accordance with local and national regulations..

Waste class Waste code (EWC): Ao be assigned by the user in accordance with local authority guidance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General: Not classified as dangerous goods under(ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA)

14.1. UN number: Not Applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name: Not Applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): None

14.4. Packing group: Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not a Marine Pollutant

14.6. Transport in bulk: Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Complies with UK-CLP and UK-REACH.

Contains a Repr. 2 substance: restricted to professional users.

Training required: Personnel must be trained in handling reproductive toxicants.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information Follow label warnings; empty containers may retain residues. Labels should not be removed

from containers until they have been cleaned and no product

Revision comments Initial release

Issued by Compliance department

Revision date 04/12/2025

Revision 1

Supercedes date

SDS Status Approved

Key hazard statements H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

PBT/vPvB Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic / very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for use with other materials or in other processes. The information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. No warranty, guarantee or representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for their intended use.